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## STARFISH Equations for Single Jersey Fabrics Processed on the Dornier Merceriser and the Gyrostock Dyeing Machine

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Note: The form of the Starfish equations has changed since this report was compiled.

#### Introduction

Research Record No. 182 described the processing of a series of plain single jersey fabrics on the premises of Messrs. Empresa Textil de Barcelos Sarl (TEBE) in March 1984.

This report presents the results of laboratory tests on those fabrics and also the results of regression analysis to estimate the STARFISH equations for the two fabric types (singles and two-fold) and the two processing routes (Gyrostock and Dornier mercerise + Gyrostock).

#### Fabrics

The knitting of the fabrics was carried out at TRD and was described in Research Records 114 and 177. They were produced on three plain jersey machines, (18g 1500 needles, 24g 1920 needles, and 28g 2112 needles) from six lots of yarn (1/20, 1/28, 1/36, 2/40, 2/56, and 2/72 Ne). Each yarn was knitted at five different stitch lengths covering the full range of commercially feasible qualities. For each quality, i.e. for each combination of yarn count and stitch length, two pieces of fabric were available, making two sets of 30 qualities. The two sets were assembled in order of their target finished widths, these targets having been calculated using information collected from samples supplied to TRD in advance by TEBE and from the results of a series of preliminary trials carried out in July 1983. One set was processed through the Barriquand Gyrostock dyeing machine in two lots, followed by centrifuging, wet stretching on a Tubetex Tripad, drying in a Tubetex Super Relax dryer, and final calendering. The other set was processed first through the Dornier tubular merceriser and was then dyed and finished in the same way as the first set.

Finishing targets had been estimated so as to result in final shrinkage figures of approximately 10% in both length and width. They proved to be obtainable in the case of the unmercerised materials, but much more difficult to achieve for the mercerised fabrics.

The finished fabrics were returned to TRD and were tested by our standard methods. Test results were available by November 1984 and the first analysis of the data was completed in January 1985.

#### Results

The basic test data are presented in *Tables 1 to 6*. *Tables 1 and 2* show the results from the greige fabrics, *Tables 3 and 4* are those from the dyed and finished fabrics, and *Tables 5 and 6* are those from the mercerised and dyed and finished materials.

The shrinkage results on the dyed and finished fabrics (*Table 4*) confirm that the calculated finishing targets were mostly reasonable ones and were actually attained more often than not. Fabrics made from the two-fold yarns generally show slightly higher width shrinkages but lower shrinkages in length.

The shrinkage results on the mercerised, dyed and finished fabrics (*Table 6*) confirm that the calculated finishing targets were either inaccurate or were not obtainable in practice. In this case, the differences in shrinkages between singles-yarn and two-fold-yarn fabrics are even more striking.

In both sets of finished fabrics it seems that, for a given level of width shrinkage, the length shrinkage tends to be lower with the tighter fabrics (shorter stitch lengths).

*Figure 1* shows the test results from greige fabrics for relaxed courses /3cm, wales /3cm, stitches /sq. cm and weight per sq. metre as a function of the relaxed stitch length in a way which compares the results for single-yarn fabrics against the two-fold fabrics. *Figures 2 and 3* show the corresponding test data for the dyed and finished, and for the mercerised, dyed and finished fabrics respectively.

Looking at these three sets of graphs we can see that, for a given yarn count and stitch length, fabrics made from two-fold yarns will always have:-

- fewer courses per unit length
- fewer stitches per square cm.

• a lower weight per square metre

So far as the wale density is concerned the picture is not quite so clear. In the greige and the dyed and finished fabrics there is a tendency for the two-fold fabrics to have fewer wales per unit width than the singles fabrics. However, in the mercerised material, the reverse is the case.

These differences in Reference course and wale spacings mean that separate finishing targets must be issued for singles and two-fold fabrics. For example, if nominally identical qualities are made and finished to exactly the same width and weight, then the two-fold fabric would have significantly lower shrinkages in both length and width, provided it were not mercerised. If the fabrics were mercerised then the single-yarn fabric would have better width shrinkage but the length shrinkage would be drastically worse.

This simple example illustrates the importance of being able to predict or calculate the reference dimensions in advance, e.g. by using the STARFISH equations, so that the proper finishing targets can be set.

Comparison of *Figures 2 and 3* or *Tables 4 and 6* confirm that the relaxed mercerised materials have fewer courses but more wales per 3cm than the unmercerised ones. The percentage increase in the wales is greater than the reduction in the courses so the stitch density per square cm. is about 10% greater in the relaxed mercerised than in the unmercerised fabrics. Similarly, the weight per unit area is greater by about 15%. The mercerised fabrics are only marginally thicker than the unmercerised ones but they are significantly stronger. However the increase in strength is mostly accounted for by the increased weight as shown in one of the charts of *Figure 4* where the bursting strength is plotted against the weight per square metre.

Elsewhere in *Figure 4*, we can see that the increase in weight and stitch density caused by mercerising seems to be at least partly caused by the changes which have been brought about in the yarn count and the stitch length (mercerising caused the yarn Tex to increase by about  $6\frac{1}{2}$ %, relative to the dyed material, and the stitch length to reduce by about 5%).

Finally, *Figure 4* also shows the spirality angles in the greige, the dyed, and the mercerised fabrics. In both greige and dyed samples, spirality is affected markedly by the tightness factor (square root of Tex divided by stitch length in cm). The tighter the fabric, the lower the spirality in the fabric. Dyed fabrics show spiral angles of about 5 degrees or so lower than greige fabrics. Most of the mercerised fabrics have spiral angles significantly less than those of the dyed fabrics, but there is considerable scatter in the data and no clear trend has emerged.

For the fabrics made from two-fold yarns, (not plotted) the spiral angle in the greige relaxed fabrics is close to zero and is negative (i.e. spiralling to the left). This means, presumably, that the residual torque in the folded yarn was in the 'S' direction. After dyeing, the spirality is still negative and has increased in size by one to three degrees. After mercerising the spirality has increased even further and is now at about the same absolute level as in the singles fabrics, but in the opposite direction! (See *Table 6*).

#### **Regression Analysis**

The STARFISH equations are of two types named STEP ONE and STEP TWO equations after the way that they are used in the STARFISH models.

STEP ONE equations deal with the change in yarn count and stitch length which is caused by the finishing (and relaxation) process. The current form of these equations is as follows:-

$$Rtex = a . Gtex$$
  
 $RL = a' . GL$ 

where:

*Rtex* and *RL* are the tex and stitch length in the finished relaxed fabric;

Gtex and GL are the tex and stitch length in the greige, as knitted fabric;

a and a' are constants which depend upon the wet processing treatment.

STEP TWO equations are those which describe the finished relaxed reference state of the fabric in terms of the reference tex and the reference stitch length, thus:-

$$Rc = a + b/RL + c \cdot \sqrt{Rtex}$$

$$Rw = a' + b'/RL + c' \cdot \sqrt{Rtex}$$

$$Rs = a''' + b'''/RL^{2} + c''' \cdot Rtex$$

$$Rwt = a'' + b'' \cdot Rtex/RL$$

where:

Rc = courses / cm in the relaxed reference state;

Rw = wales /cm in the relaxed reference state;

Rs = stitches /sq.cm in the relaxed reference state;

Rwt = weight in g/sq. metre in the relaxed reference state.

a, a', b, b', c, c', etc. are constants which depend upon the wet processing treatment.

For the present data, the coefficients of the STEP ONE tex equations (a) were estimated using simple linear regression analysis on the average yarn tex values established before knitting by sampling from the cones, and the average yarn tex in the reference state established by averaging over the five different stitch lengths for yarns taken from the relaxed fabrics.

Because of our experience with earlier single jersey trials, singles and two fold yarns were pooled for this analysis so there were six data pairs in all.

For the STEP ONE stitch length equations, no averaging was carried out and the coefficients (a') were estimated by simple linear regression analysis on the individual data pairs - as knitted and relaxed. Data for singles and two-fold yarns were combined making 30 data pairs in all.

For the STEP TWO equations the reference tex values used were the averages but the reference stitch lengths were the individual measured values. For all STEP TWO equations, the singles-yarn fabrics were treated separately from the two-folds, so there were 15 data pairs in each case.

*Table 7* shows the values of the coefficients which resulted from this analysis, together with the square of the correlation coefficient. In most cases, R-squared is 0.99 or greater which means that the equations account for about 99% of the variation in the data. The few exceptions are almost all in the mercerised material so that the predictions for these may be somewhat less reliable. However, the lowest value for R-squared was 0.94 which is still a very acceptable result.

The regression curves have been plotted alongside the data in *Figures 5 to 11* where it can be seen that the STARFISH equations do model the measured values remarkably well.

Test Results on GREIGE Fabrics - as recieved

<b>-</b>		Ave	Av StL	Crses		-		Distn	•			Thkn
Fabri	c 19	Tex	C#	3ся	3ce	g5 <b>8</b>	Kn/sm 	## 	deg	g 	χ	eic
18 Gaug	e:S	ingles										
20Ne	327	29	0.329	54.6	27.4	156	726	19.6	3.2	370	7	732
20Ne	344	29	. 8.345	49.3	26.9	150	667	28.8	4.1	371	7.3	787
20Ne	362	29	0.362	44.7	27.3	143	636	21	4.7	372	7	69
20Ne	380	29	8.38	41.4	27.5	139	619	21.7	5.3	364	7.2	71
20Ne	399	29	0.399	37.1	27.1	132	592	20.1	6.1	346	7	69
18 Gaug	e:Ti	ofold										
2/48Ne	327	28.7	0.328	53,4	27.5	153	953	21.2	-9.3	651	7.6	68
2/40Ne	344	28.7	8.343	48.1	27	141	<b>98</b> 9	20.1	-0.1	656	7.7	65
2/40Ne	362	28.7	8.362	43.1	27.1	134	821	28.1	-8.5	648	7.6	65
2/48Ne	380	28.7	0.38	38.6	26.6	123	814	22.2	-8.7	647	7.5	63
2/40Ne	399	28.7	0.4	35.5	27.2	116	815	20.2	1.1	661	7.8	62
.4 Gaug	e:Si	ngles										
28Ne	291	20.9	8.294	61.2	33.2	135	n.a.	n.a.	13.1	271	9.1	61
28Ne	306	20.9	0.307	49.2	32.3	129	n.a.	n.a.	7.7	266	7.6	59
28Ne	321	20.9	8.322	47.1	33.1	134	n.a.	n.a.	17.5	272	8.1	66
28Ne	337	20.9	8.34	42.9	33.2	116	n.a.	n.a.	15.3	266	. 7.8	65
28Ne	354	20.9	0.357	37.6	32	121	n.a.	n.a.	11.5	253	6.7	62
4 Gaug	e:T+	ofold										
2/56Ne	291	21.5	0.291	56.8	32.4	133	n.a.	n.a.	2.3	466	7.2	62
2/56Ne	386	21.5	i 8.31	49.9	31.6	125	n.a.	n.a.	2.6	488	7.4	58
2/56Ne	321	21.5	6.322	45.5	31.4	113	n.a.	n.a.	2.7	497	6.9	57-
/56Ne	337	21.5	6.337	41.1	32.2	111	n.a.	n.a.	-0.4	516	6.9	58)
/56Ne	354	21.5	0.354	38.8	31.5	105	n.a.	n.a.	-1.4	473	6.7	60
8 Gaug	e:Si	ngles										
36Ne	259	16	0.261	56.4	38.1	105	n.a.	n.a.	12.7	191	7.8	531
36Ne	273	16	0.277	51.6	37.8	101	n.a.	n.a.	11.9	205	8.1	517
36Ne	287	16	0.287	48.5	37.3	101	n.a.	n.a.	18	191	7.1	571
36Ne	301	16	0.305	44.8	38.4	189	n.a.	n.a.	28	198	8.3	528
36Ne	316	16	0.319	42.8	37.9	98	n.a.	n.a.	15.4	209	9.3	571
8 Gaug	e : Tw	ofold										
:/72Ne	259	16.5	0.255	59.1	37.4	189	n.a.	n.a.	2.8	376	9	559
/72Ne	273	16.5		53.4	37.7	187	n.a.	n.a.	3.6	355	7.4	521
/72Ne	287	16.5		44.6	38.2	94	n.a.	n.a.	2.8	364	8.7	520
/72Ne	301		0.302	43.6	36.7	94	n.a.	n.a.	1.4	353	6.3	498
/72Ne	316		8.319	41	37	98	n.a.	n.a.	-1.2	365	6.7	52

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Burst strength not carried out on Greige fabrics as recieved

Test Results on GREIGE Fabrics ~ Reference state

Fabri	c ID	Yarn Tex	St Len	Crses 3ce	Wales 3cm	Weight gs#	Burst Kn/sm	Distn am	Spiral deg	Y Str g	Extn X	Thkns mic	Shr L X	Shr W
														h 
18 Gaug		-		<b>54 0</b>	70 4									
20Ne 20Ne			0.323	54.9	38.1		710	22.2	9.5	355	7.9		1.4	
			0.338	51.9	36.6		681	22.2	11.8	355	7.8	994	5.8	24.
	362 380	28.8	8.355	47.9 46.4	35.9	• • •	669	22.6	13.3	336	7.6	988	9.6	21.
20Ne			0.373	43.9	34.3 33.1		618 574	22.9	14.9	345		1900	11.3	17.
20me 18 Gaugi			8.373	43.7	22.1	1//	3/4	22.5	18	341	8	1038	16.1	16.
2/48Ne			8.324	52.5	38.8	282	897	21.5	-1.1	653	<b>D</b> 1	005		20
2/40Ne			0.338	49.8	36.5		856	22.5	-0.5	800 65 <b>8</b>	8.1	885 989	-8.4	28.
2/48Ne			<b>8.</b> 356	47.1	35.8		822	22.5	-8.9	633	8.1 8.1	707 916	5.1 8.5	25.
2/40Ne		28.1	<b>0.</b> 375	44.7	33.5		791	22.2	-0.7	647	8.2	710 918	14.5	22.
	399		0.393	42.9	32.6	163	747	22.1	-0.1	633	7.8	710 989	14.3	19. 17
4 Gauge			0:070	72.7	52.0	105	171	22.1	-0.1	000	/.0	707	1/.4	17
28Ne		20	0.289	61.4	43.8	179	608	15.8	17	276	9.5	867	2.7	25.
28Ne			0.301	56.9	42.1	159	576	18.5	18.9	257	8.9	952	15	21.
	321		8.32	54.1	40.7	158	535	18.8	20.1	236	7.1	965	13.9	19.
28Ne			0.335	50.8	39.9	148	494	19.3	21.8	252	18	957	18.2	18.
28Ne			8.35	48.6	39	146	471	19.5	25.3	249	7.8	849	23.1	14.
4 Gauge	e : Te					• • •				••••		417	2011	4.14
/56Ne			0.291	58.9	42.8	169	762	15.1	-0.6	453	8.9	789	6.8	24.
/56Ne	386	21.1	0.304	56.3	41.3	158	712	14.8	-2.1	469	7.8	774	11.2	21.
/56Ne	321	21.2	0.315	53	40.4	157	703	18.8	-2.3	441	9.8	882	14.1	21.
/56Ne	337	21	0.332	49.3	38.6	150	685	19	-3.5	447	9.5	888	17.1	16.
/56Ne	354	21.9	0.351	46.9	36.3	133	653	18.2	-4.2	478	9.4	836	28.9	13.
8 Gauge	e:Si	ngles												
36Ne	259	15.7	0.261	66.2	50.2	147	484	15	20.1	183	9.4	787	15.8	22.
	273		8.274	63.6	48.4	137	484	18.6	21.3	198	9.4	796	19.7	28
	287		0.281	59.1	46.9	132	456	18	24.5	188	9.3	876	28	15.
	301		8.298	56.6	46	134	412	18.9	26.6	184	9.7	869	19.5	15.
	316		0.315	53.8	44.4	123	391	18.8	26.5	190	11.1	860	22	14.
8 Gauge														
/72Ne			0.256	64.4	49	146	642	14.9	0.6	326	9.4	719	11.4	23.
/72Ne		15.9		61.8	47.3	137	625	14.4	-1.2	350	7.3	682	14.4	19.
	287	16.3	0.283	58.1	45.2	128	621	19.2	-2.4	335	9.5	812	23	15.
	301		0.296	55.5	42.4	124	568	18.7	-2.9	339	18	809	21.7	15.
/72Ne	316	15.8	0.311	51.3	41.4	115	544	17.6	-3.2	354	9.1	757	21.5	13.

Test Results on DYED & FINISHED Fabrics - as recieved

Eshe	ic ID		St Len			-			•			Thkn
raur		Tex	CR	3c#	3cm	g5 <b>n</b>	Kn/se	88 	deg	g	χ	aic
18 Gau	ge : Si	ngles										
20Ne			8.324	50	33	175	635	18.1	4.3	378	6.8	647
20Ne	344	28.4	0.34	46.4	32.5	161	647	17.3	1.3	342	7.4	643
20Ne			. 8.357	43	32.3	154	578	18	3.2	373	6.3	669
20Ne		28.8	0.374	48.2	29.9	141	595	17.6	1.9	356	6.6	631
20Ne			8.393	36.8	29.6	129	569	17.6	2.8	361	7.3	641
	je : Tw											
2/40Ne			0.323	49.4	32.7		868	18.7	-8.7	642	7.8	606
2/48Ne			8.338	46	32.7	159	821	18.4	8.8	635	7.2	612
2/40Ne		28.7	8.354	43.1	31.2	143	888	18.7	0.4	647	8 <b>.8</b>	616
2/40Ne			8.376	39.4	28.6	127	771	18.4	1.5	633	7.1	595
2/40Ne			0.395	36.6	27.8	122	755	17.3	0.2	641	10.1	591
	e : Si	•										
28Ne	291		0.29	54.5	38.6	138	560	17.8	3.8	253	6.1	563
28Ne	306		0.305	49.8	37.3	123	520	17.6	4.8	277	7.4	559
28Ne	321	20.1	8.318	46.5	36.4	115	511	17.8	3.1	255	7.3	525
28Ne	337		0.335	43	35.2	114	486	18.5	3.4	260	7.3	534
28Ne	354		0.352	41.6	33.3	105	448	17.6	3.4	259	7	543
24 Gaug	e:Tw	ofold										
2/56Ne	291		0.288	54.1	37.3	134	719	17.4	1.7	488	6.6	526
2/56Ne			0.304	50.1	36.5	124	666	17.3	1.5	471	7.5	522
2/56Ne	321		8.318	46.5	35.3	117	674	17.7	0.1	456	8.1	519
?/56Ne	337	20.6	8.334	43.1	33.9	110	641	17.5	0.5	495	8.8	526
2/56Ne	354		0.349	40.1	33.1	99	628	17	8.4	490	7.4	517
-	e:Si	-										
36Ne	259		0.258	59.6	43.4	108	428	17.4	2	204	5.9	497
36Ne	273		8.274	53.5	41.4	103	400	17.8	4.4	183	6.5	480
36Ne	287	15.2	8.287	50.8	39	95	429	18.2	3.1	184	5.9	468
36Ne	301	15.2	0.301	47.4	38.8	93	376	17.6	2.9	203	6.5	498
36Ne	316		0.315	43.1	37.6	86	354	17.2	5.2	198	7.3	475
-	e:Twi	ofald										
:/72Ne		15.8	0.253	68.4	42.6	116	606	17.2	1.3	363	6.3	471
/72Ne			0.269	54.8	48.6	184	602	17.4	1.7	373	7.1	460
!/72Ne		15.9	0.284	51.1	39.4	96	577	17.8	2.4	356	6.2	467
	301	15.9	6.297	48.7	28	92	573	17.1	1.6	339	7.4	466
!/72Ne	316	16	0.312	44.3	36.1	85	497	16.5	3.2	369	7.6	455

Test Results on DYED & FINISHED Fabrics - Reference State

Fabri	c ID	Yarn Tex	St Len cm	Crses 3cm	Wales 3cm	Weight gs#	Burst Kn/sm	Distn mm	Spiral deg	Y Str g	Extn %	Thkns #ic	Shr L %	Shr Z
18 Gaug	 0 • Gi													
20Ne		-	8.321	54.1	36.7	198	630	19.2	10.3	381	6.1	838	7.7	10.
	344		8.337	50.4	35.3	190	698	19	18.4	361	7.3	818	8.2	7.
	362		0.357	47.8	34.6	176	594	19.3	12.2	434	6.5	844	10.9	5,
20Ne	380			44.4	33.4	173	592	19.3	13	456	7.7	831	9.7	8.
28Ne			8.392	42.1	32.2	165	567	20.1	14.5	448	7.4	865	14	5.
8 Gaug	e : Tw												• •	
/48Ne		28	8.322	51.6	37.1	189	848	18.5	-1.6	665	7.9	732	4.9	10.
/48Ne	344	28.7	8.337	48.5	36.2	188	822	19.8	-2.9	646	7.5	768	7.7	9.
/49Ne	362	28.3	8.352	45.9	34.6	172	764	19.1	-1.1	666	7.4	766	5.9	9.
/48Ne	388	27.9	0.374	44	32.7	158	721	19.4	-1	645	7.2	758	11.2	12.
/48Ne	399	28	8.391	41.7	31.6	154	742	20.4	-1.5	602	7.4	757	11.1	11.
4 Gauge	e:Si	ngles												
28Ne	291	28	8.29	57.9	43.1	160	537	19.3	12.3	291	7.3	704	7.8	7
28Ne	386	20.2	0.303	55.2	42.1	151	510	18.9	12.9	312	7.3	723	10.5	7.
28Ne	321	19.8	0.32	52.6	48	145	488	19.9	15.2	287	7.5	721	11.7	8.
	337	20.2	0.332	49.8	39	140	463	19.5	17.6	388	6.7	753	14.2	8.
28Ne	354	20.1	0.35	47.2	37.6	133	438	19.6	19.6	286	7.6	749	12.7	6.
4 Gauge		ofold												
/56Ne	291		0.285	57.1	42.5	156	680	18.3	-2.9	513	7.8	637	6.2	10.
/56Ne	306		0.301	53.4	41.1	151	668	19.5	-4.4	463	7.2	672	6.8	11.
	321		0.314	51.3	39.3	141	667	19.8	-4.6	483	7.5	664	8.9	10.
	337		0.33	47.9	37.9	134	634	20	-4.3	474	7.5	673	10.1	9.
/56Ne			8.348	45.8	36.6	128	631	20.4	-5.3	467	7	676	12.4	18.
8 Gauge		•												
	259		8.257	65.7	-48.6	134	443	19.2	13.1	217	5.7	652	9.1	10.
	273	15.3	8.273	61.5	46.3	130	415	19.3	14.9	199	5.6	663	13	9.
	287	15.3	0.285	57.6	45.7	125	402	19.7	16.6	204	6.3	662	13.6	12
	301	15.4	0.298	55.1	44.8	121	398	19.6	18.8	213	7	688	14.5	9.
	316		0.313	50.3	43.5	115	362	19.2	21.9	205	7.1	679	15.5	6.
B Gauge														
	259		0.253	62.4	48.1	135	599	18	-3.6	400	7.4	574	6.2	9.
	273	15.9	8.268	68	47.7	128	603	19.2	-3.9	373	6.3	684	8.8	13.
	287	15.7	8.283	56.5	45.7	121	582	19.3	-4.5	358	6.1	689	10.4	11.
	301	15.8	0.295	53.2	43.6	116	542	28	-4.2	361	7.1	681	9.5	11.
/72Ne	316	15.8	8.31	49	41	108	532	19	-4.2	356	7.3	598	11.1	10.

## Test Results on MERCERISED, DYED & FINISHED Fabrics - as recieved

Fabri	ic ID	Yarn Tex	St Len Cm	Crses 3ce	Wales 3cm	Weight gsm		Distn	Spiral deg	Y Str q	Extn %	Thkn: mic
19 6	 1e : Si											
	327	-	0.389	42.5	48	169	865	14.7	0.3	471	0	628
20Ne			8.321	48.5	39.1	171	855	16.2	0.3 0.4	455	9 8	020 683
20Ne			8.337	37.4	38.4	152	804	15.2	-0.2	475	7.3	611
20Ne			0.352	35.9	35.7	156	756	16	8.9	448	8.2	607
20Ne	399		0.373	33	36	143	793	16.1	2.4	482	9	684
	ie : Tw		010/0		00	110	110	1011	2.17	TVL	,	084
2/40Ne			0.303	42	48	168	1066	15.5	-2.2	716	9.4	543
2/40Ne			0.315	41.3	38.4	163	988	15.4	-2.7	727	9	599
2/40Ne		38.2	0.331	38.9	36.7	153	991	16.3	-1.4	716	11	596
2/48Ne		30.7	8.348	35.7	35.6	146	974	15.2	-1.5	733	11.1	592
2/48Ne			0.369	31.1	35	125	899	13	-1.6	723	10.2	576
	e:Si											
28Ne	291	-	8.276	47.9	46.1	141	652	16.4	0.5	29 <b>9</b>	8.2	532
28Ne	386		8.289	42.8	46	126	627	14.7	8.8	295	6.5	543
28Ne	321		0.305	38.5	42.7	118	588	14.3	9.8	313	7.8	491
28Ne	337		0.321	35.8	41.5	112	574	14.9	0.6	301	7.5	498
28Ne	354	21.2	0.338	33.1	41	100	517	12.9	0.3	388	7.6	503
4 Gaug	e : Tw	ofold										
!/56Ne	291	22.2	0.267	49.9	45.6	144	892	15.1	2	537	11.4	508
1/56Ne	306	22.4	0.28	42.9	4412	125	799	15.8	-3.1	535	8.3	501
!/56Ne	321	22.4	0.293	39.9	41.3	121	768	14.3	-2.2	539	8.8	584
/56Ne	337	22.3	0.311	37.3	41.5	114	775	13.8	-0.5	564	9.5	498
!/56Ne	354	22.5	8.327	34.5	38.9	189	727	13.6	-8.6	551	10.4	487
8 Gaug	e:Si	ngles										
36Ne	259	15.9	8.25	48.5	-51.9	186	531	14.5	2.2	230	7.2	442
36Ne	273	16.1	0.26	46.3	50.6	111	523	14.5	8.6	236	7.5	479
36Ne	287	16.7	0.274	41.1	46.9	97	489	13.2	1	232	6.5	435
36Ne	301	15.9	0.29	37.4	49.1	98	425	11.6	8	234	6.3	454
36Ne	316	16.2	8.306	35.2	44.6	85	426	11.1	1.3	239	6.1	433
8 Gaug	e : Two											
/72Ne	259	17.2	0.239	54.2	51.9	123	775	15.2	-0.7	399	10.1	451
/72Ne	273		0.249	48.9	49.1	113	719	14.9	-1.6	487	10.1	459
/72Ne			0.267	42.8	48.7	102	647	12.5	0.2	401	8.6	432
	301	16.9	8.281	41	44.7	97	654	14.1	0.4	399	8.4	426
/72Ne	316	17	8.296	37.8	45.8	89	630	12.1	-8.7	486	8.7	450

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## **IIC/TEBE TRIALS 1984**

Test Results on MERCERISED, DYED & FINISHED Fabrics - Reference State

Fabri	c ID	Yarn Tex	St Len cm	Crses 3cm	Wales 3cm	Weight gsm	Burst Kn/se	Distn	Spiral deg	Y Str g	Extn %	Thkns mic	Shr L Z	Shr X
18 Gaug	 Ci		*******											
28Ne		-	8.309	49.4	42.9	213	810	18.5	2.9	477	8.8	873	14.6	7.
20Ne			8.323	48.4	41.5	212	805	20.1	9.1	463	7.6	825	16.7	4.
20Ne			0.339	45	40.4	197	780	19.5	6.3	472	7.2	891	17.9	8
20Ne			8.355	44.3	39.6	200	764	21.1	18.6	451	7.3	859	18.6	8.
20Ne			8.373	41	38.4	193	735	20.5	12.5	447	7.5	859	20.9	6
18 Gauge	e : Tw											•••		•
2/40Ne			0.305	47.2	44.9	207	1189	17.7	-5.6	788	9.2	718	10.1	12
2/40Ne			0.315	45.4	43.6	199	1865	18.1	-5.6	728	8.9	779	10.8	11.
2/40Ne	362		8.33	42.9	42.2	195	1829	19.2	-7.5	725	11.2	810	10.9	12.
2/48Ne	388	38.4	0.349	39.4	42.2	187	1816	18.4	-9.1	735	10.3	817	18.4	14.
2/40Ne	399		0.369	33.9	42.5	171	1009	17.8	-9.9	735	10.4	784	10.6	18.
24 Gauge	: Si	ngles												
28Ne	291	21.3	0.275	56.2	50.1	181	617	20	9.4	308	7.4	728	15.7	8.
28Ne	306	21.3	0.289	51.8	49.2	168	646	19.7	6.9	336	7	774	18.2	7.
28Ne	321	21.1	0.303	49.4	49.4	169	688	20.1	12.8	321	7.1	728	21.4	11
28Ne	337	21.1	0.317	47	47.3	164	573	28.5	13.4	311	7.1	755	24	19.
28Ne	354	21.1	0.335	44.3	48.2	156	533	19.9	10.3	319	8.1	873	26.1	12.
4 Gauge	: Tw	ofold												
:/56Ne		22.4	8.265	54.8	50.7	182	899	18.5	-7.4	532	9	665	10.4	10.
/56Ne	386	22.2		45.3	52.9	159	948	17.4	-8.3	536	8.5	697	6.6	17
	321		8.294	43.8	51.8	157	911	16.9	-6.7	557	8.7	711	7.7	16.
	337		8.311	48.8	51.4	155	932	18.1	-9.6	558	9.6	729	8.7	19.
/56Ne			8.326	38.9	49	145	846	17.5	-11.8	563	8.2	702	11	16.
8 Gauge		-												
	259	16	0.249	59.1	59.1	151	492	18.8	10.5	221	6.1	644	17.2	12.
	273		8.258	55.2	58.4	145	567	19.4	4.7	226	7.8	725	17.9	12.
	287		8.273	50.3	57	135	560	19	5.7	249	6.6	728	18.6	15.
	301	15.8	8.291	47.7	57.5	134	502	18.5	4.9	227	7	769	23.2	16.
	316	15.9	0.303	44	54.5	125	462	19.6	8	234	6	729	23.8	16.
8 Gauge						. – .								
/72Ne		17	0.238	59.2	59.4	156	787	18.1	-7.9	383	8.7	592	9.1	12.
	273	17.5		54.6	58.7	147	786	18.4	-9.7	395	9.8	648	9.8	14.
	287	17	0.268	46.6	59.6	134	776	16.9	-8.4	398	9	652	8.1	18.
	301	17	0.279	46.7	57.7	138	731	18.7	-10.4	388	7.4	615	13.1	20.
/72Ne	316	16.7	0.295	42.2	57.3	127	747	17	-10.5	413	8.9	671	10.5	21.

Coefficients of the STARFISH Equations

	Coef	Coef	Coef	Corel	Coef	- Coef	Coef	Core
	8	b	с	Rsq	a	b	С	Rsq
GREIGE		SI	NGLES			TWOFO	LD	
Tex	0.786	n.a.	n.a.	8.998	8.986	n.a.	n.a.	0.99
St Length	8.986	n.a.	n.a.	0.998	0.986	n.a.	n.a.	0.99
Courses	-5,585	6.598	0.643	8.983	-5.937	6.352	0.738	8.98
Wales	18.226	2.955	-1.254	0.995	3.136	3.769	-0.364	0.994
Stitches	51.589	23.035	-1.416	0.996	-9.239	23.73	0.305	8.998
Weight	15.411	2.198	n.a.	0.991	-4.364	2.344	n.a.	8.989
DYED								
Tex	8.972	n.a.	n.a.	8.998	0.972	n.a.	n.a.	0.998
St Length	0.981	n.a.	n.a.	0.998	0.981	n.a.	n.a.	8.998
Courses	-7.773	6.735	8.889	0.992	-5.626	5.945	0.806	0.99
Wales	11.876	2.671	-1.339	8.996	6.5	3.334	-0.847	8.989
Stitches	44.083	21.746	-1.208	8.999	20.478	21.125	-0.454	8.989
Weight	13.011	2.091	n.a.	0.996	0.63	2.139	n.a.	0.996
IERCERISED								
Tex	1.037	n.a.	n.a.	0.996	1.037	n.a.	n.a.	8.996
St Length	0.93	n.a.	n.a.	8.987	0.93	n.a.	n.a.	6.987
Courses	-9.665	5.855	1.401	8.94	-18.839	7.106	2.058	8.954
Wales	23.85	1.91	-2.774	0.981	29.231	0.96	-3.248	0.982
Stitches	97.952	19.643	-2.102	8.99	58.074	19.966	-1.393	0.991
Weight	24.664	1.987	n.a.	0.97	18.383	1.999	n.a.	8.974





































